



IBM Systems and Technology Group

Automating Oracle on System Z

VM Workshop

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Abstract

This presentation describes how to automate z/VM and Linux® for Oracle® "Standalone" database and "Grid" (aka cluster). It will frame today's cloud terminology of *Infrastructure/Platform/Software as a Service* into concrete terms and steps that should be understandable to System z IT professionals. Look for the methodology described to be published in a forthcoming IBM Redbook.

Agenda

- Introductions
- Cloud defined as I/P/SaaS
- Infrastructure as a Service
 - ▶ Configure z/VM
 - ▶ Define virtual machines
- Platform as a Service
 - ▶ Prepare to install Linux on the golden image
 - ▶ Install Linux on the golden image
 - ▶ Configure the 6.2 golden image
 - ▶ Cloning
- Software as a Service for Oracle Standalone
 - ▶ Configure a Linux system for the Oracle boot script
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 - ▶ Silently install Oracle database
- Software as a Service for Oracle Grid
- Miscellaneous

Introductions

- Who am I?
 - ▶ Michael Maclsaac
- Who are you?
 - ▶ The audience

Introductions

- Who am I?
 - ▶ Michael Maclsaac
- Who are you?
 - ▶ The audience
- Who has Oracle on z:
 - ▶ In proof of concept?
 - ▶ In production?
 - ▶ None of the above?

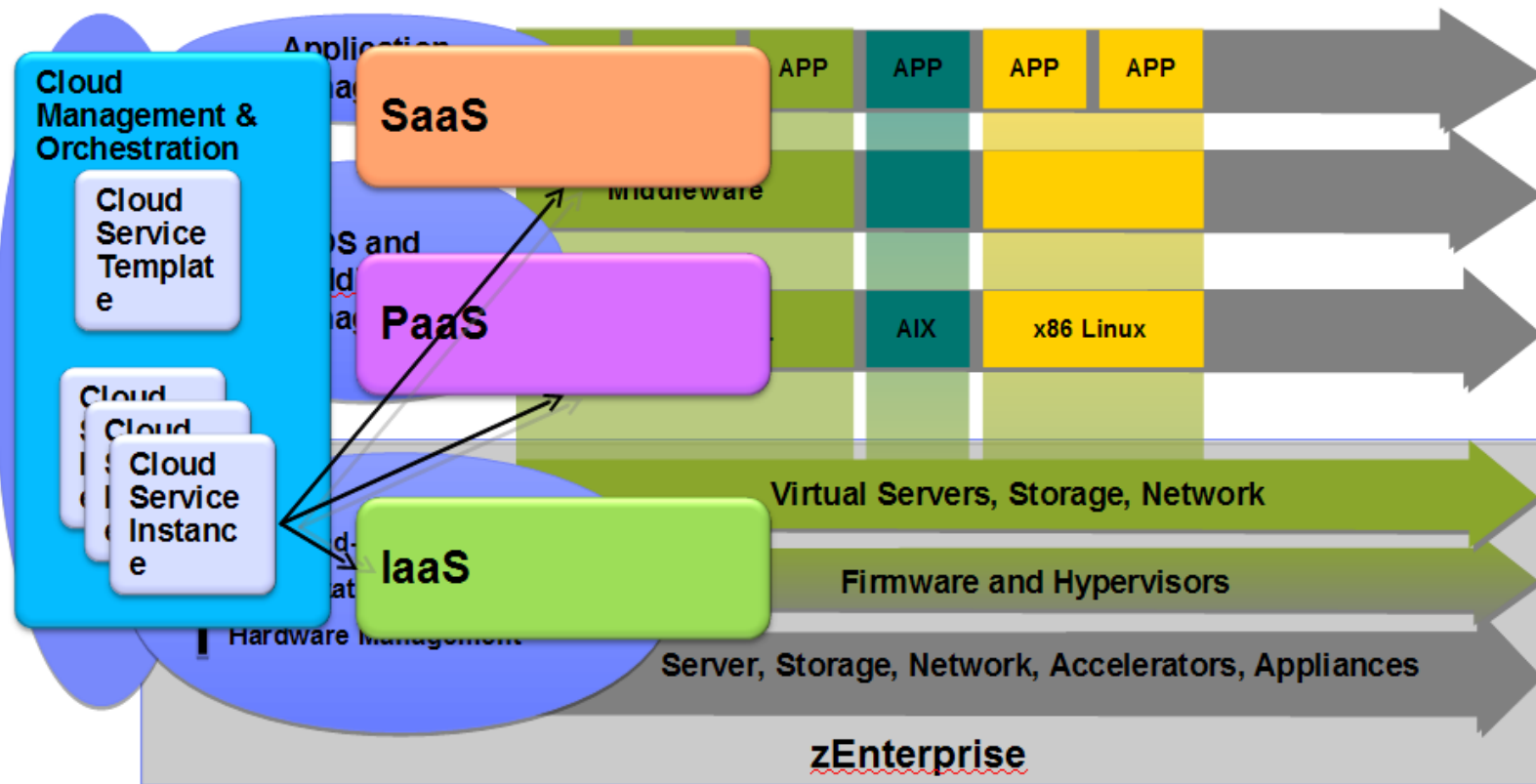
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Tangent - Cloud defined as I/P/SaaS

- Software as a Service (SaaS) - the application(s)
- Platform as a Service (PaaS) - the (guest) operating system
- Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS) - the virtual machine or "container"

Heterogeneous Virtual Infrastructure Management



Infrastructure as a Service

- Configure z/VM
 - ▶ Define a virtual machine for a common 191 disk on all Linux virtual machines
 - ▶ Enable TCP/IP
 - ▶ Customize SYSTEM CONFIG
 - Define VSWITCHes (layer 2, w/ and w/o OSA), define MACPREFIX, allow VDISKs, etc.
- Define virtual machines (fairly well known tasks)

- ▶ Sample User ID

```
USER LNXSA1 ORACLE 1G 6G G
INCLUDE LNXDFLT
MDISK 0100 3390 0001 10016 LX9A1A MR
MDISK 0101 3390 0001 30050 LX6605 MR
MDISK 0302 3390 0001 10016 LX9A1B MR
DEDICATE 0400 B800
DEDICATE 0500 B900
```

- ▶ Sample PROFILE

```
PROFILE LNXDFLT
COMMAND SET VSWITCH VSWITCH2 GRANT &USERID
COMMAND DEFINE NIC 600 TYPE QDIO
COMMAND COUPLE 600 TO SYSTEM VSWITCH2
COMMAND SET VSWITCH VSWITCH3 GRANT &USERID
COMMAND DEFINE NIC 700 TYPE QDIO
COMMAND COUPLE 700 TO SYSTEM VSWITCH3
CPU 00 BASE
```

...

Define virtual machines (cont'd)

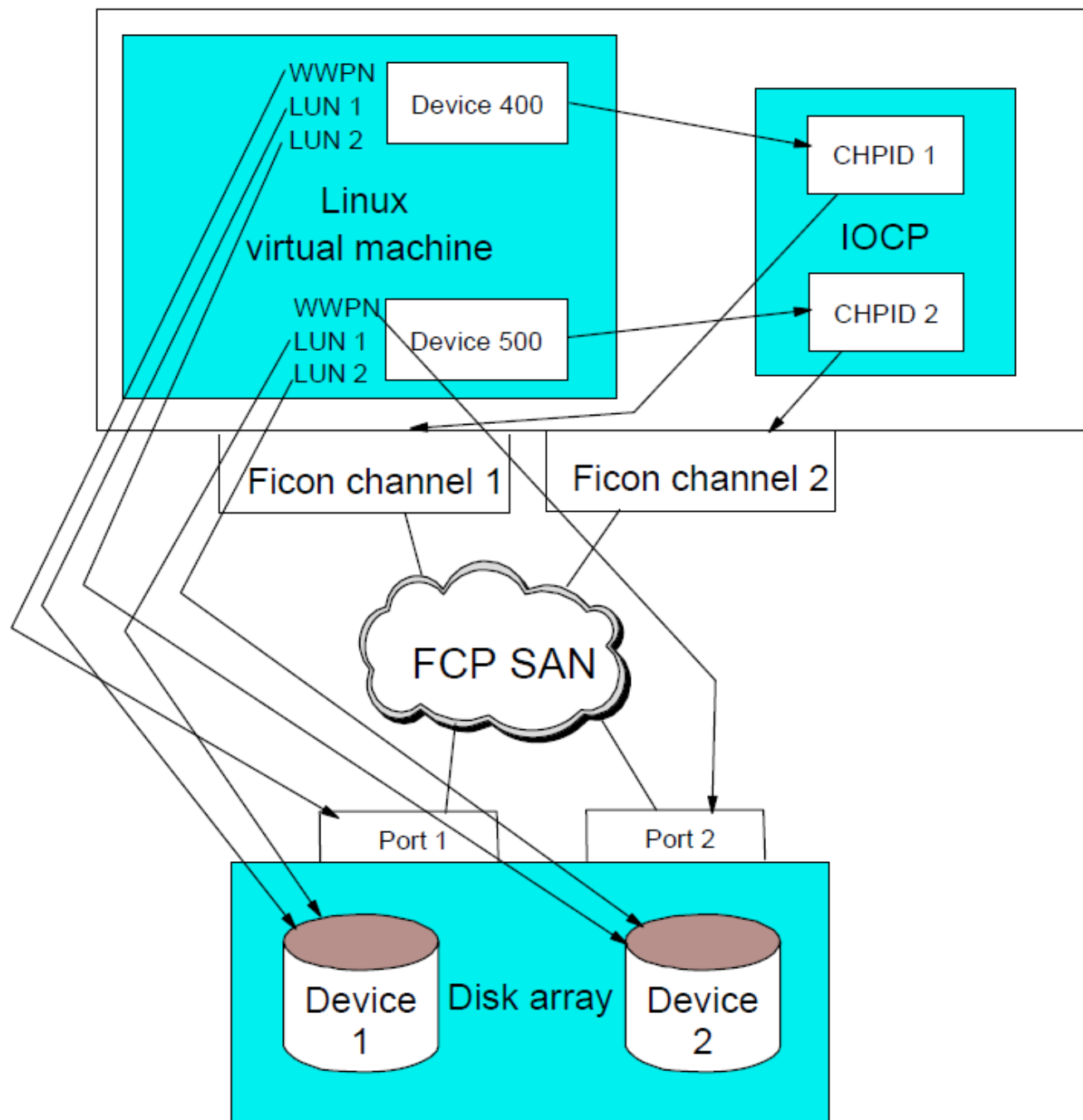
■ Sample User ID for Oracle cluster (1 of 2)

```
USER LNXC2N1 ORACLE 4G 6G G
INCLUDE LNXDFLT
MDISK 0100 3390 0001 10016 LX9A1D MR
MDISK 0101 3390 0001 30050 LX6606 MR
MDISK 0200 3390 1 1000 LX9A0E MR
MINIOPT NOMDC
MDISK 0201 3390 1001 1000 LX9A0E MR
MINIOPT NOMDC
MDISK 0202 3390 2001 1000 LX9A0E MR
MINIOPT NOMDC
MDISK 0302 3390 20033 10016 LX6705 MR
MINIOPT NOMDC
DEDICATE 0400 B803
DEDICATE 0500 B903
```

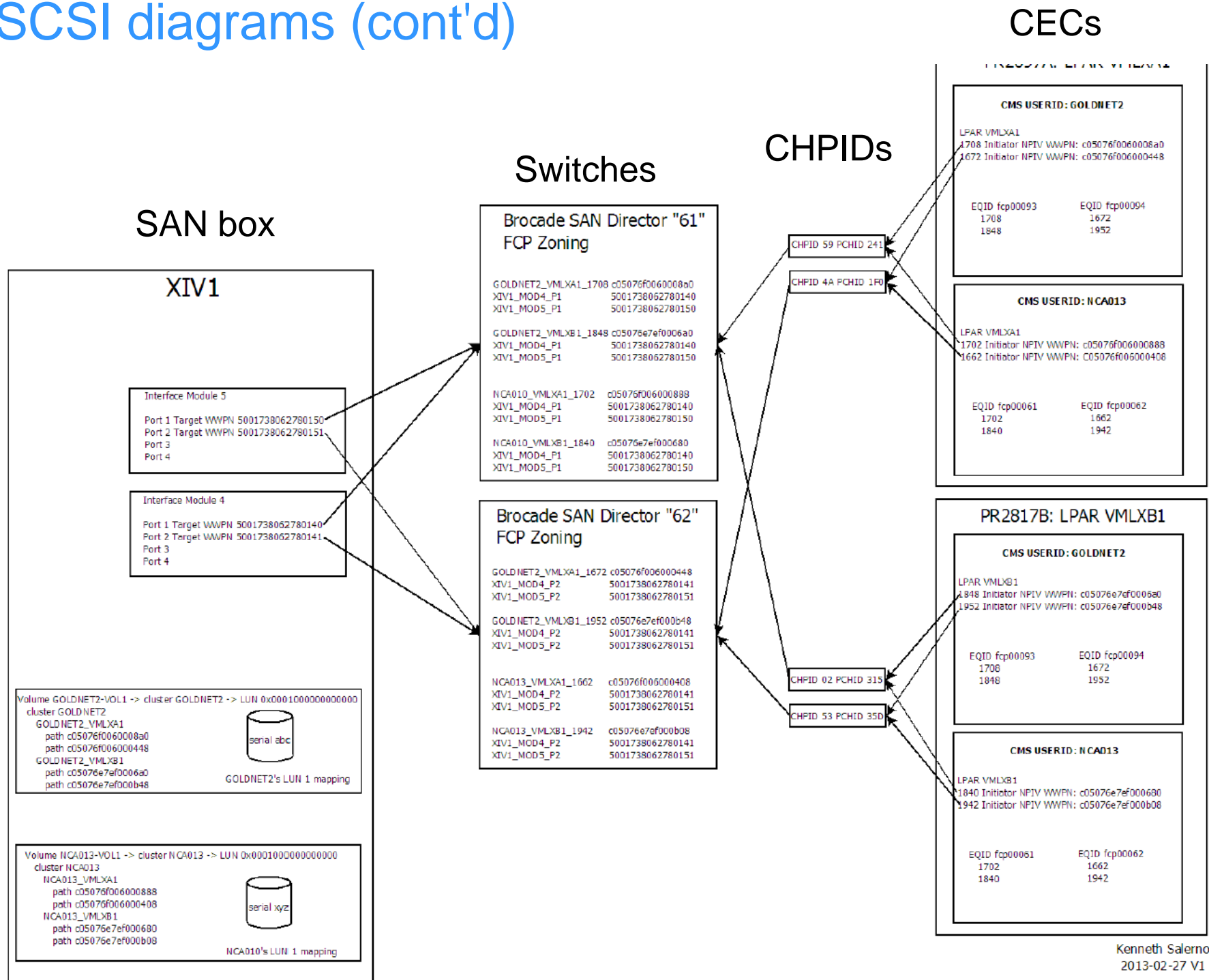
■ Sample User ID for Oracle cluster (2 of 2)

```
USER LNXC2N2 ORACLE 4G 6G G
INCLUDE LNXDFLT
MDISK 0100 3390 0001 10016 LX9A0A MR
MDISK 0101 3390 0001 30050 LX6702 MR
LINK LNXC1N1 0200 0200 MW
LINK LNXC1N1 0201 0201 MW
LINK LNXC1N1 0202 0202 MW
MDISK 0302 3390 0001 10016 LX9A0B MR
DEDICATE 0400 B804
DEDICATE 0500 B904
```

FCP/SCSI diagrams



FCP/SCSI diagrams (cont'd)

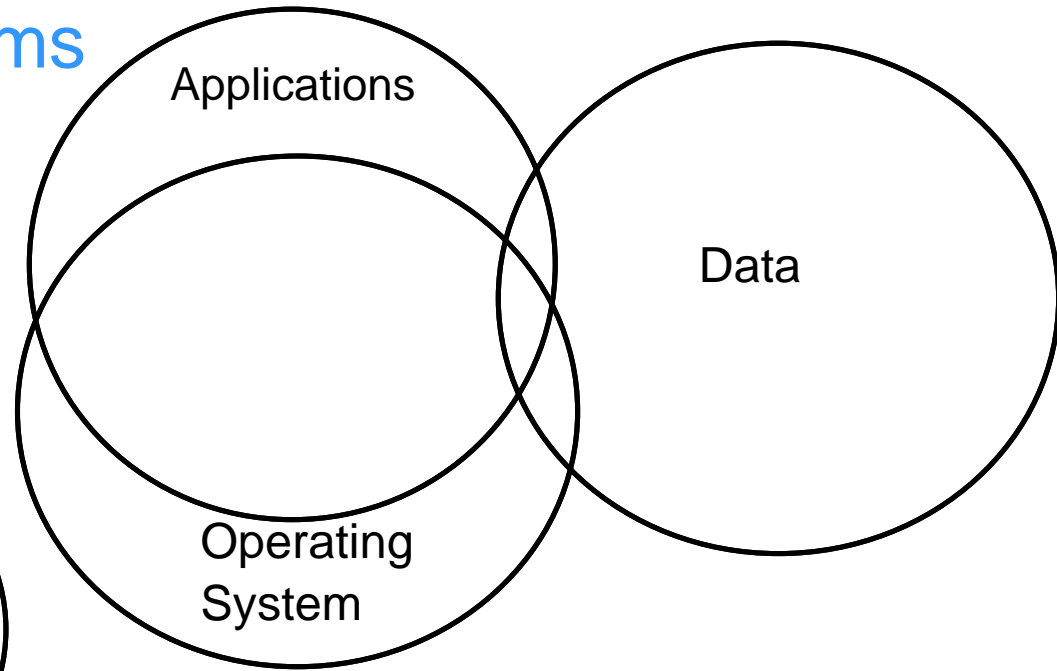
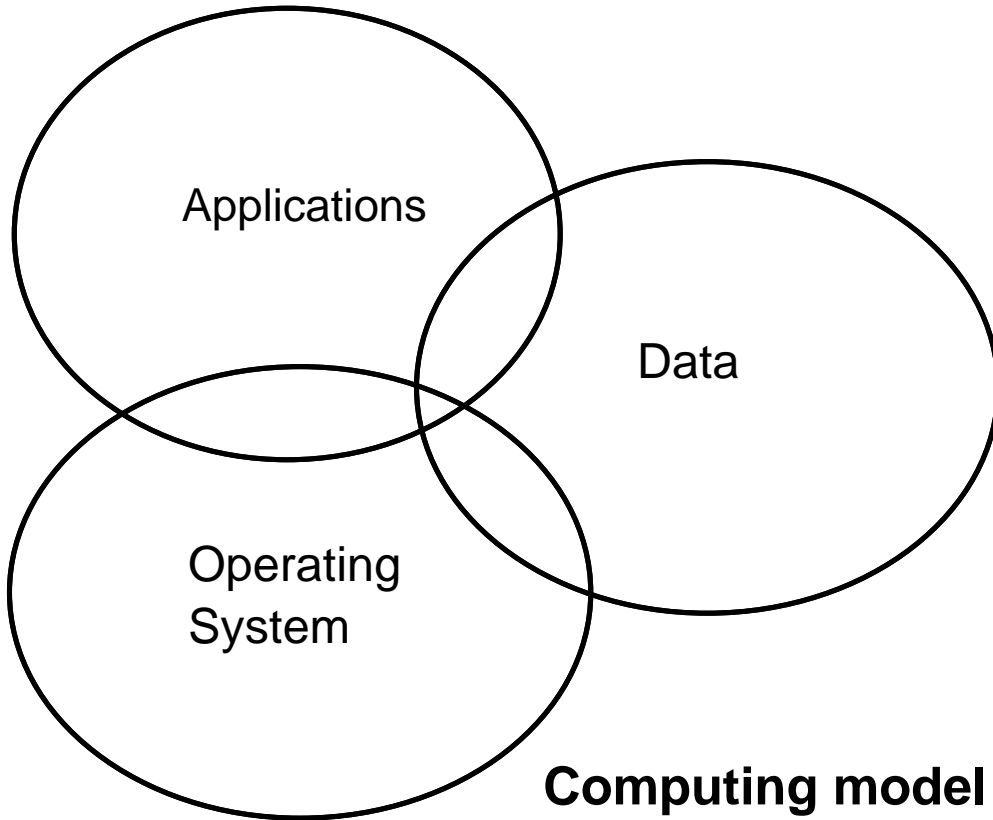


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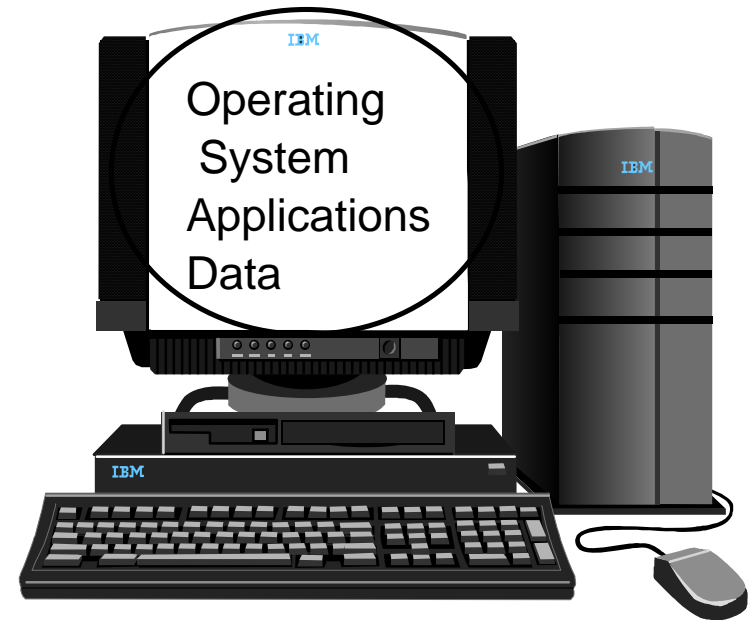
Tangent - thinking about systems

- Computing model today
 - ▶ How do your systems look?



Computing model hierarchy:

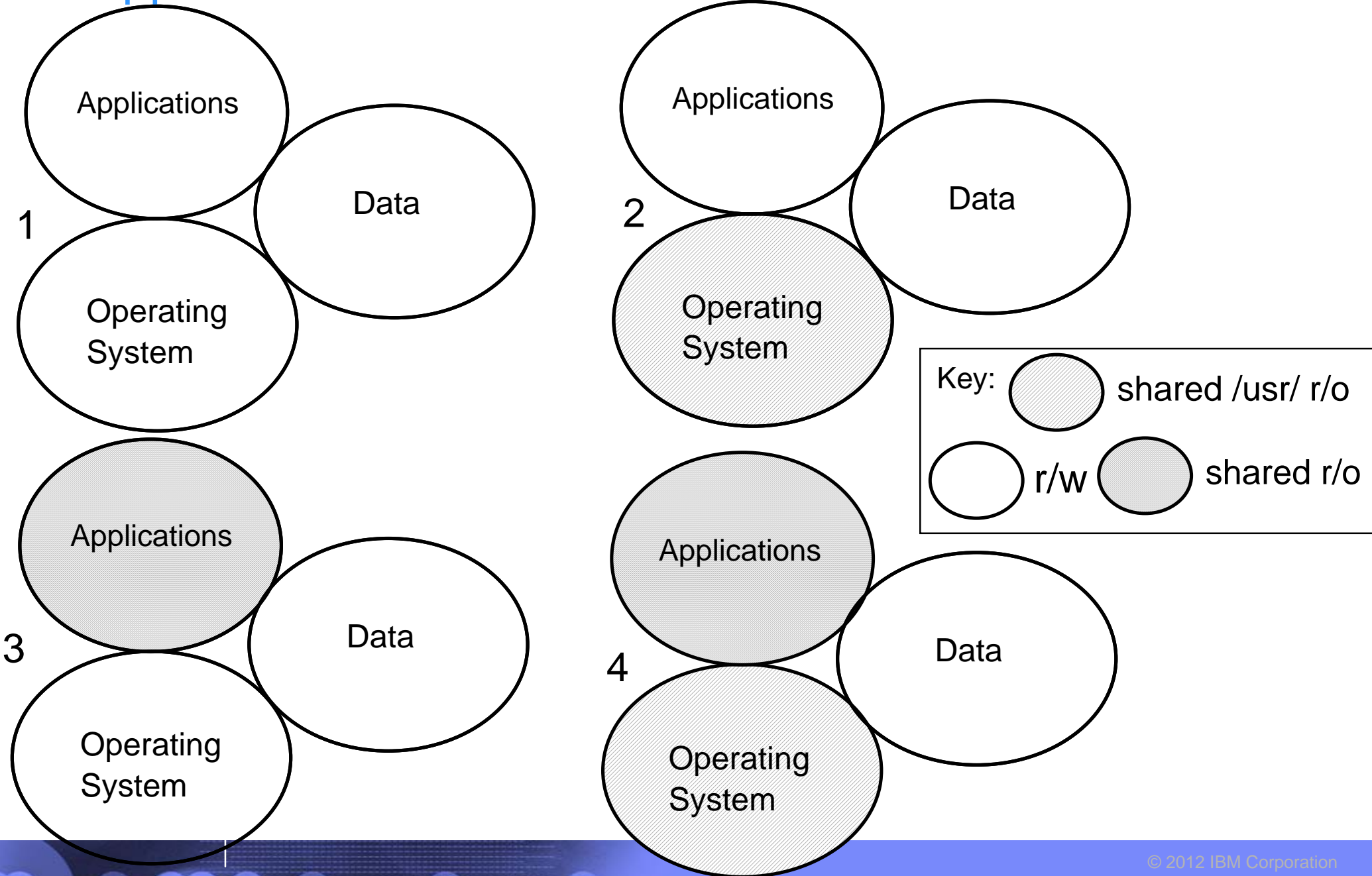
- Hardware
- Operating System
- Applications
- Data



FHS summary

	Directory	Description
	/	Root file system (must be able to boot/repair)
	/bin	Essential commands (static)
	/boot	Static files of the boot loader (static)
	/dev	Device files (static, maintained by OS)
	/etc	Host-specific system configuration (static)
	/etc/opt	Add-on application configuration (site specific)
Data →	/home	User's home directories (site-specific, optional)
	/lib	Essential shared libraries and kernel modules
	/media	Mount point for removeable media (N/A on System z)
	/mnt	Temporary mount point (usually empty)
Apps →	/opt	Add-on application software packages (site-specific)
	/root	Root user home directory (static, optional)
	/sbin	Essential system binaries (static)
Data →	/srv	Data for services provided by this system (site specific)
	/tmp	Temporary files (delete when system is booted?)
	/usr	Sharable read-only data
	/usr/bin	Most user commands
	/usr/include	Header files included by C programs
	/usr/lib	Libraries
	/usr/local	Local hierarchy (empty after main installation)
	/usr/sbin	Non-vital system binaries
	/usr/share	Architecture-independent data
Data or OS? →	/var	Variable data
	/var/cache	Application cache data
	/var/lib	Variable state information
	/var/local	Variable data for /usr/local
	/var/lock	Lock files
	/var/log	Log files and directories
	/var/opt	Variable data for /opt
	/var/run	Data relevant to running processes
	/var/spool	Application spool data
	/var/tmp	Temporary files preserved between system reboots

OS/Apps/Data view and virtualization - some models



Platform as a Service

■ Prepare to install Linux on the golden image

▶ Set up CONF and PARM files

```
DASD=100-101,300-302
HOSTNAME=rh62gold.itso.ibm.com
NETTYPE=qeth
IPADDR=9.12.7.2
SUBCHANNELS=0.0.0600,0.0.0601,0.0.0602
NETMASK=255.255.240.0
SEARCHDNS=itso.ibm.com
GATEWAY=9.12.4.1
DNS=9.12.6.7
MTU=1500
PORTNAME=DONTCARE
LAYER2=1

IPADDR2=10.1.1.2
```

▶ Decide on a file system layout:

Mount point	Size	Volume group name	Logical volume name	Minidisk
/	512 MB	None	None	100
/tmp/	1 GB	system_vg	tmp_lv	100
/usr/	3 GB	system_vg	usr_lv	100
/var/	512 MB	system_vg	var_lv	100
/opt/	20 GB	opt_vg	opt_lv	101
swap	7 GB	None	None	302

Platform as a Service (cont'd)

■ Install Linux

- ▶ Configure Linux
- ▶ Add a network interface to the private interconnect

```
# cp ifcfg-eth0 ifcfg-eth1
# vi ifcfg-eth1
DEVICE="eth1"
BOOTPROTO="static"
DNS1="9.12.6.7"
DOMAIN="itso.ibm.com"
GATEWAY=""
IPADDR="10.1.1.2"
...
SUBCHANNELS="0.0.0700,0.0.0701,0.0.0702"
```

- ▶ Configure yum on the RHEL 6.2 golden image
- ▶ Prepare for multipathing
- ▶ Install and configure the VNC server
- ▶ Copy files to Linux
- ▶ Customize for Velocity software
- ▶ Turn SE Linux off (??)
- ▶ Customize rc.local

Platform as a Service

- Cloning: Linux 'boot.firststone' service script used to set IP address and hostname
- REXX EXEC on z/VM for cloning

```
Parse Arg sourceID targetID .
If sourceID = '' | sourceID = '?' | targetID = '' Then Do
  say 'Syntax is:'
  say 'CLONE sourceID targetID'
  exit 1
End
/* verify that the source ID is logged off */
'CP QUERY' sourceID
If rc <> 45 Then Do
  Say sourceID 'does not exist or is not logged off?'
  exit 2
End
Say 'Are you sure you want to overwrite disks on' targetID '(y/n)?'
Parse upper pull answer .
If answer <> 'Y' then
  exit 3
/* FLASHCOY the 100, 101 and 302 disks from sourceID to targetID */
call copyDisk sourceID '100 1100' targetID '100 2100'
call copyDisk sourceID '101 1101' targetID '101 2101'
call copyDisk sourceID '302 1302' targetID '302 2302'
/* start the target virtual machine */
say "Starting new clone" targetID
'CP XAUTOLOG' targetID
exit
```

Platform as a Service

■ REXX EXEC on z/VM for cloning (cont'd)

copyDisk:

```
Arg sourceID vdev1 vdev2 targetID vdev3 vdev4 .
/* Link source disk read-only then target disk read-write */
'CP LINK' sourceID vdev1 vdev2 'RR'
If rc <> 0 Then Do
    say 'CP LINK' sourceID vdev1 vdev2 'RR failed with' rc
    exit 4
End
'CP LINK' targetID vdev3 vdev4 'MR'
If rc <> 0 Then Do
    say 'CP LINK' targetID vdev3 vdev4 'MR failed with' rc
    exit 5
End
Say 'Trying FLASHCOPY of' vdev2 'to' vdev4 '...'
'CP FLASHCOPY' vdev2 '0 END' vdev4 '0 END'
If (rc <> 0) Then Do /* Fallback to DDR */
    Say 'FLASHCOPY failed, falling back to DDR ...'
    Queue 'SYSPRINT CONS' /* Don't print to file */
    Queue 'PROMPTS OFF' /* Don't ask 'Are you sure?' */
    Queue 'IN' vdev2 '3390' /* Input minidisk */
    Queue 'OUT' vdev4 '3390' /* Output minidisk */
    Queue 'COPY ALL' /* Copy all contents */
    Queue ' ' /* Empty record ends DDR */
    'DDR'
    retVal = rc
End
```

Platform as a Service

- REXX EXEC on z/VM for cloning (cont'd)

```
Else retVal = rc
/* Detach the source and target disks */
'CP DETACH' vdev2
'CP DETACH' vdev4
If retVal <> 0 Then
    Say 'Return value from COPYDISK' source target '=' retVal
```

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Software as a Service for Oracle Standalone

- Configure a Linux system for the Oracle boot script
 - ▶ Copy **boot.oracle** to golden image **/etc/init.d/** directory.
 - ▶ Set the script to be executable with the **chmod +x** command
 - ▶ Set the script to start at boot time with the **chkconfig** command
 - ▶ Shut down the golden image

- Clone a virtual server

```
==> clone rh62gold lnxsa2
```

```
HCPCQU045E RH62GOLD not logged on
```

```
Are you sure you want to overwrite disks on lnxsa2 (y/n)?
```

```
y
```

```
Trying FLASHCOPY of 1100 to 2100 ...
```

```
Command complete: FLASHCOPY 1100 0 10015 TO 2100 0 10015
```

```
DASD 1100 DETACHED
```

```
DASD 2100 DETACHED
```

```
Trying FLASHCOPY of 1101 to 2101 ...
```

```
Command complete: FLASHCOPY 1101 0 30049 TO 2101 0 30049
```

```
DASD 1101 DETACHED
```

```
DASD 2101 DETACHED
```

```
Trying FLASHCOPY of 1302 to 2302 ...
```

```
Command complete: FLASHCOPY 1302 0 10015 TO 2302 0 10015
```

```
DASD 1302 DETACHED
```

```
DASD 2302 DETACHED
```

```
Starting new clone LNXSA2
```

Software as a Service for Oracle Standalone

- ▶ Log on to the new Linux and watch boot

```
...  
S01boot.onetime: this userID = LNXSA2  
...
```

- ▶ Later, you should see:

```
...  
S98boot.oracle: Searching for SOFTWARE variable in parameter file LNXSA2.CONF-RH6  
S98boot.oracle: SOFTWARE variable = OracleStandalone  
S98boot.oracle: Preparing for Oracle standalone installation  
S98boot.oracle: Creating Oracle groups and users  
S98boot.oracle: cmd: groupadd -g 198 oinstall  
S98boot.oracle: cmd: groupadd -g 199 asmadmin  
S98boot.oracle: cmd: groupadd -g 201 dba  
S98boot.oracle: cmd: groupadd -g 205 asmdba  
S98boot.oracle: cmd: groupadd -g 207 asmoper  
...  
S98boot.oracle: cmd: chown -R oracle.oinstall /opt/oracle  
S98boot.oracle: *  
S98boot.oracle: *****  
S98boot.oracle: Sucessfully completed!  
S98boot.oracle: *****
```


Software as a Service

- One more file system for data: /oradata
 - ▶ Snippet of code from **boot.oracle** script:

```
dataName="oradata"                # Oracle data mount point, vg name,  
...  
# for Oracle standalone, make a logical volume of the LUNs then mount it  
if [ "$type" = "ora" ]; then # make LV and mount it  
    mkLogicalVolume /dev/mapper/mpatha /dev/mapper/mpathb  
    mountLogicalVolume /dev/${dataName}_vg/${dataName}_lv /$dataName  
else # voting disks and data FCP LUNs will be controlled by ASM  
    setDiskOwnership  
fi
```

Software as a Service for Oracle Standalone

- At end of run level, **boot.oracle** should run:
 - ▶ Defines users and groups for Oracle
 - ▶ Installs co-requisite RPMs
 - ▶ Configures the Network Time Protocol (NTP)
 - ▶ Sets limits for the system, then the oracle and grid users
 - ▶ Sets kernel parameters
 - ▶ Configures FCP disks
 - ▶ Creates a logical volume from the two FCP disks
 - ▶ Makes a directory is made for Oracle data
 - ▶ Mounts the logical volume is mounted over the new directory

- Required variables:

```
==> x lnxsa2 conf-rh6 d
```

```
...
```

```
FCP400WWPN=0x500507630500c74c
```

```
FCP500WWPN=0x500507630508c74c
```

```
FCPLUN1=0x4010401200000000
```

```
FCPLUN2=0x4011401200000000
```

```
SOFTWARE=OracleStandalone
```

Software as a service for Oracle Standalone

- Silently install Oracle database

- ▶ Prepare the response file ("xxxx" values replaced by variables)

```
ORACLE_HOSTNAME=xxxx
```

```
UNIX_GROUP_NAME=oinstall
```

```
INVENTORY_LOCATION=/opt/oraInventory
```

```
SELECTED_LANGUAGES=en
```

```
ORACLE_HOME=/opt/oracle/11.2
```

```
ORACLE_BASE=/opt/oracle
```

```
...
```

```
oracle.all.db.DBA_GROUP=dba
```

```
oracle.all.db.OPER_GROUP=dba
```

```
oracle.all.db.isRAConeall=false
```

```
oracle.all.db.config.starterdb.type=GENERAL_PURPOSE
```

```
...
```

```
oracle.all.db.config.starterdb.password.ALL=xxxx
```

```
oracle.all.db.config.starterdb.control=DB_CONTROL
```

```
oracle.all.db.config.starterdb.automatedBackup.enable=false
```

```
oracle.all.db.config.starterdb.storageType=FILE_SYSTEM_STORAGE
```

```
oracle.all.db.config.starterdb.fileSystemStorage.dataLocation=/oradata
```

```
oracle.all.db.config.asm.ASMSNMPPassword=xxxx
```

```
SECURITY_UPDATES_VIA_MYORACLESUPPORT=false
```

```
DECLINE_SECURITY_UPDATES=true
```

```
oracle.installer.autoupdates.option=SKIP_UPDATES
```

Software as a service for Oracle Standalone

- Silently install Oracle database

- ▶ Run the silent installer:

```
# mount 9.12.5.131:/zCode /mnt -o vers=4
```

```
# su - oracle
```

```
$ cd /mnt/database
```

```
$ ./runInstaller -silent -force -ignorePrereq -responseFile ~/database.rsp
```

```
Starting Oracle Universal installer...
```

```
Checking Temp space: must be greater than 80 MB. Actual 923 MB Passed
```

```
Checking swap space: must be greater than 150 MB. Actual 7803 MB Passed
```

```
Preparing to launch Oracle Universal installer from
```

```
/tmp/Oraall2012-11-10_06-07-16AM. Please wait ...$ You can find the log of this  
all session at:
```

```
/opt/oraInventory/logs/installactions2012-11-10_06-07-16AM.log
```

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- **Software as a Service for Oracle Grid**
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Software as a service for Oracle Grid

- Did not make it into Redbook :(
- Extra steps (if it had)
 - ▶ Decide on architecture
 - ▶ Clone multiple nodes
 - ▶ Set up key-based authentication between all nodes
 - **grid** and **oracle** users must be able SSH without passwords.
 - A helper script named **setsshkeys** will be available
 - ▶ Verify nodes are prepared
 - ▶ Silently install Oracle grid on one system
 - ▶ Silently install Oracle database on all systems
 - ▶ Test the cluster
 - HA
 - DR
 - Document the failover/failback steps

Miscellaneous

- The Redbook

- ▶ Title: *Experiences with Oracle 11gR2 on Linux for System z*

- ▶ Order number: **SG24-8104**

- ▶ From project leader:

"ITSO legal is working on getting 'yes' from Oracle, Novell and RedHat, I think that we will have it in 2 weeks. Before that I'm not allowed to publish the draft even internally."

- Additional material - one tar file:

```
# tar xzvf SG248104.tgz
oracleRedbook-SG248104/
oracleRedbook-SG248104/linux/
oracleRedbook-SG248104/linux/boot.oracle
oracleRedbook-SG248104/linux/boot.onetime
oracleRedbook-SG248104/vm/
oracleRedbook-SG248104/vm/CLONE.EXEC
oracleRedbook-SG248104/README.txt
```

Resources

- All *Virtualization Cookbooks* and other papers:
 - ▶ <http://www.vm.ibm.com/devpages/mikemac/>
- The Linux for zSeries and S/390 portal
 - ▶ <http://linuxvm.org/>
- The linux-390 list server
 - ▶ <http://www2.marist.edu/htbin/wlvindex?linux-390>
- The IBMVM list server
 - ▶ <http://www.isoft.com/scripts/wl.exe?SL1=IBMVM&H=LISTSERV.UARK.EDU>
- Linux for zSeries and S/390 developerWorks®
 - ▶ <http://awlinux1.alphaworks.ibm.com/developerworks/linux390/index.shtml>
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux evaluation
 - ▶ <http://www.redhat.com/rhel/server/mainframe/>
- SUSE LINUX Enterprise Server evaluation
 - ▶ <http://www.novell.com/products/linuxenterpriseserver/eval.html>
- z/VM publications
 - ▶ <http://www.vm.ibm.com/pubs/>
- z/VM performance tips
 - ▶ <http://www.vm.ibm.com/perf/tips/>

Questions

- Are there any questions?